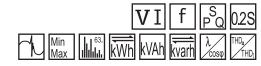


# Power Quality and Energy Measurement PEM575



# Power Quality and Energy Measurement PEM575





#### **Device features**

- Accuracy class according to IEC 62053-22: 0.2 S
- Measured quantities
  - Phase voltages UL1, UL2, UL3 in V
  - Line conductor voltages UL1L2, UL2L3, UL3L1 in V
  - Phase currents I1, I2, I3 in A
  - Neutral current (calculated) 14 in A
  - Frequency f in Hz
  - Phase angle for U and I in °
  - Power per phase conductor
     S in kVA, P in kW, Q in kvar
  - Total power
     S in kVA, P in kW, Q in kvar
  - Displacement factor cos (φ)
  - Power factor λ
  - Active and reactive energy import in kWh, kvarh
  - Active and reactive energy export in kWh, kvarh
  - Voltage unbalance in %
  - Current unbalance in %
  - Harmonic distortion (THD) for *U* and *I*
  - k-Factor for I
- · Programmable setpoint monitoring
- LED pulse outputs for active and reactive energy
- · Modbus RTU and Modbus TCP
- · 3 digital outputs
- Requirements of energy and current for particular time frames
- Peak demands with timestamps
- Individual, current/voltage harmonics up to the 63<sup>rd</sup> harmonic
- · Minimum and maximum values
- Waveform recording (12.8 kHz)
- Data recorder
- · Sag/swell detection
- High-resolution waveform recording; detection of transient events (PEM575 only)

#### **Product description**

The digital universal measuring device PEM575 is suited for measuring and displaying electrical quantities of a public electricity network. The PEM575 is able to perform current, voltage, energy consumption and performance measurements as well as displaying individual current/voltage harmonics for assessment of the power quality. The accuracy of active energy measurements corresponds to class 0.2 S in accordance with the reqirements of DIN EN 62053-22 (VDE 0418 Part 3-22). The current inputs are connected via external .../1 A or .../5 A measuring current transformers.

#### **Typical application**

- As a compact device for front panel mounting, the PEM575 is a replacement for analogue indicating instruments
- Typical application in low and medium-voltage networks (via measuring voltage transformer)
- · Power quality monitoring
- · Collection of relevant data for energy management
- · Cost allocation of energy consumption
- High-resolution waveform recording allow analysis of power quality phenomena

#### **Description of function**

- · Sampling rate of the measuring channels: 12.8 kHz
- Calculation of the total harmonic distortion THD<sub>U</sub>/THD<sub>I</sub>: harmonics up to the 63rd harmonic
- · Individual current/voltage harmonics
- · Password protection
- · Clamp mechanism, no tools required
- History memory for minimum and maximum values of current, voltage, energy, power rating etc. for each month
- Inputs and outputs:
  - 3 digital outputs, 6 digital inputs
  - 16 user-programmable setpoints (response values, response delay 0...9999 seconds)
  - System protocol: 512 events, setup changes, setpoint alarming, DI status changes, DO switching operations
- · Communication:
  - Galvanically isolated RS-485 interface (1,200 bis 19,200 bit/s)
  - Modbus-RTU protocol
- Modbus TCP (10/100 Mbit/s)

#### **Standards**

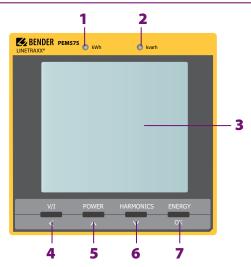
The universal measuring device for Power Quality and Energy Measurement /PEM575 was developed in accordance with the following standards: DIN EN 62053-22 (VDE 0418 Part 3-22), DIN EN 61557-12 (VDE 0413-12)

#### **Features**

	PEM575	
RS-485		
Modbus TCP		
Digital inputs	6	
Digital outputs	3	
Sampling rate	12.8 kHz	
THD calculation and harmonics	63.	
On-board memory	mory 4 MB	
Detection of transients		



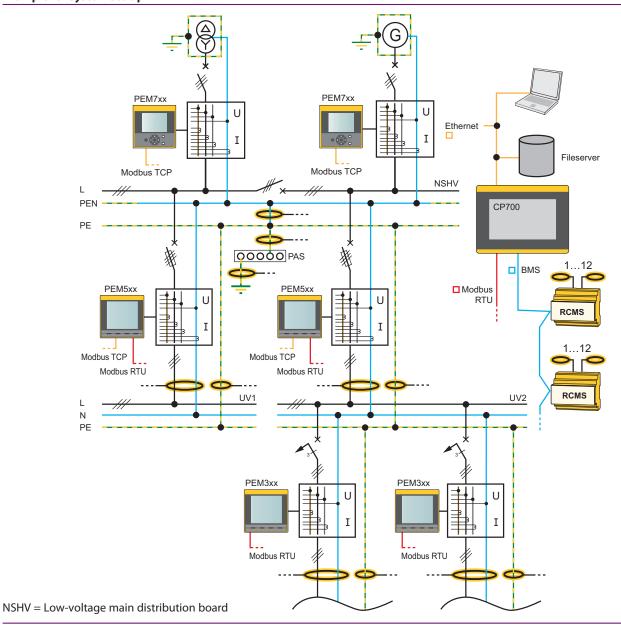
# **Operating elements**



- 1 Pulse LED: kWh
- 2 Pulse LED: kvarh
- 3 Display
- 4 "V/I" button: Selection (in the menu)
- 5 "POWER" button: Up (in the menu)
- 6 "HARMONICS" button: Down (in the menu)
- 7 "ENERGY" button: OK (in the menu)

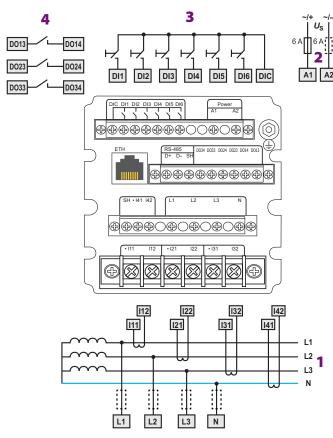
  Press the "ENERGY" button > 1.5 s to enter/leave the Setup menu.

# **Example for system set-up**





#### Wiring diagram

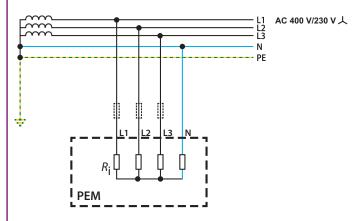


- Connection to the system to be monitored:
   The measuring leads should be protected with appropriate fuses.
- 2 Supply voltage. Power protection by a 6 A fuse, quick response. If being supplied from an IT system, both lines have to be protected by a fuse.
- 3 Digital inputs
- 4 Digital outputs (N/O contacts)

#### **Connection diagram voltage inputs**

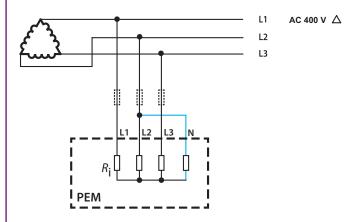
#### Three-phase 4-wire system (TN, TT, IT systems)

The PEM can be used in three-phase 4-wire systems, independent of the type of distribution system (TN, TT, IT system).



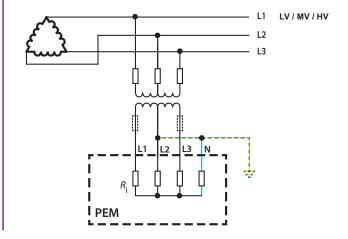
#### Three-phase 3-wire system

The PEM can be used in three-phase 3-wire systems. The line-to-line voltage must not exceed AC 400 V.



# **Connection via voltage transformers**

The coupling via measuring voltage transformers allows the use of a measuring device in medium and high voltage systems. The transformation ratio in PEM575 can be adjusted (1...2200).





# **Technical data**

Insulation co-ordination	
Measuring circuit	
Rated insulation voltage	300\
Overvoltage category	II
Pollution degree	
Supply circuit	
Rated insulation voltage	300\
Overvoltage category	ı
Pollution degree	;
Supply voltage	
Rated supply voltage <i>U</i> <sub>S</sub>	95250\
Frequency range of $U_S$	DC, 44440 H
Power consumption	≤ 11 V/
Measuring circuit	
Measuring voltage inputs	
U <sub>L1-N,L2-N,L3-N</sub>	230
U <sub>L1-L2,L2-L3,L3-L1</sub>	400 \
Measuring range	10 120 % <i>U</i>
Rated frequency	4565 H
Internal resistance (L-N)	> 500 kC
Measuring current inputs	
External measuring current transformer	
should at least comply with accuracy class 0	
Burden	n.A., internal current transformer
Measuring range	0.1 120 % <i>l</i>
PEM575/PEM575-455	
/ <sub>N</sub>	5 /
Measuring current transformer ratio	1600
PEM575-251/PEM575-451	
/ <sub>N</sub>	17
Measuring current transformer ratio	13000
Accuracies (of measured value/of full se	
Phase voltage U <sub>L1-N</sub> , U <sub>L2-N</sub> , U <sub>L3-N</sub>	± 0.1 % of measured value
	of measured value + 0.05 % of full scale value
Neutral current I <sub>4</sub>	0.5 % of full scale value
Frequency	± 0.01 H
Phase position	±1
Active energy measurement according to	DIN EN 62053-22 (VDE 0418 Part 3-22
r.m.s. voltage measurement according to	DIN EN 61557-12 (VDE 0413-12), chapter 4.7.
r.m.s. phase current measurement according to	o DIN 61557-12 (VDE 0413-12), chapter 4.7.5

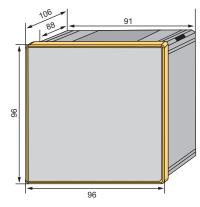
Frequency measurement according to	DIN EN 61557-12 (VDE 0413-12), chapter 4.7.4
Interface	
Interface/protocol	RS-485/Modbus/RTI
Baud rate	1.219.2 kbits/
Cable length	01200 n
Shielded cable (shield connected to terminal SH on	one side) recommended: J-Y(St)Y min. 2 x 0.
Switching elements	
Outputs	3 N/O contact
Operating principle	N/O operation
Rated operational voltage	AC 230 V DC 24 V AC 110 V DC 12
Rated operational current	5A 5A 6A 5
Minimum contact rating	1 mA at AC/DC $\geq$ 10
Inputs	6 electrically separated digital input
J <sub>min</sub>	2.4 m
$U_{DI}$	DC 241
Environment/EMC	
EMC	DIN EN 61326-
Operating temperature	-25+55°
Climatic class acc. to DIN EN 60721	
Stationary use	3K
Classification of mechanical conditions acc.	to DIN EN 60721
Stationary use	3M-
Connection	
Connection	screw-type terminal
Other	
Degree of protection, front	IP5
Operating manual	TGH147
Weight	≤ 1100

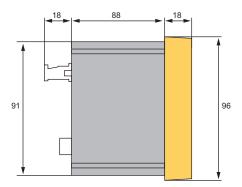
# **Ordering information**

Interface	Nominal system voltage	Current input	Туре	Art. No.
	3(N)AC			
RS-485/Ethernet	400/230 V	5 A	PEM575	B 9310 0575
		1 A	PEM575-251	B 9310 0576
	690/400 V	5 A	PEM575-455	B 9310 0577
		1 A	PEM575-451	B 9310 0578

# **Dimension diagram**

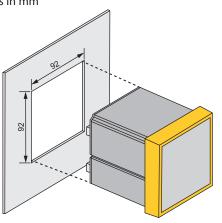
Dimensions in mm





#### Panel cut-out

Dimensions in mm





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